



The Summer Confederate

LEGIONNAIRE

The Newsletter of the General William B. Bate Camp No. 34

Sons of Confederate Veterans



Volume 6, Issue 4

April 2016

CONFEDERATE HISTORY MONTH

April is Confederate History Month. It is a time for us to look back at our Confederate Heritage and the attacks upon it in today's society which has no appreciation for either history or heritage. We, the Sons of Confederate Veterans are in the forefront of preserving Confederate heritage and honoring our Confederate ancestors.

Bate Camp has taken the lead here in Gallatin amongst all heritage organizations in paying honor to the Confederate soldier for his courage, loyalty and perseverance. Our cataloging of the Confederate veterans in the Gallatin City Cemetery, the improvements to Confederate Circle itself and the proposed



Our annual celebration of Confederate Decoration Day has grown to an impressive event demonstration our commitment to honoring our ancestors. In these perilous times when Confederate symbols and monuments are under attack throughout the Southland, let us redouble our efforts and show we are not going to be intimidated into silence about the honor and service of our ancestors.

Let us steel ourselves to redouble our efforts to educate the people about Confederate history and its importance to who we are today.

OUR NEXT REGULAR MEETING WILL BE HELD ON APRIL 14 2016 AT 7:00 P.M. AT THE NEW LOCATION OF BELIEVERS FELLOWSHIP, STILL ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE BUT NOW AT 126 NORTH WATER AVENUE. PLEASE PLAN TO ATTEND.

INSIDE THIS ISSUE:

CONFEDERATE MONEY
FOURTH TENNESSEE CAVALRY
CAMP NEWS
THE 1616

2
3
4
7

Now is the time to stand up and be counted to defend our Confederate symbols and the honor of our ancestors.
Will you shirk your duty?

REMEMBER OUR QUARTERLY BREAKFAST 3-26 at Mabel's in Gallatin



Confederate Money

The money for carrying on the government was manufactured on the faith of the Confederacy and was supposed to have sufficient stamina, as the South had large quantities of tobacco and cotton on hand. Mr. Davis advised the purchase and shipment to Europe of all the cotton, which might easily have been effected. All writers agree, that had that advice been heeded, the South, having such a permanent capital, might have been recognized and assisted by foreign powers. Mr. Memminger, Secretary of the Treasury, took time to differ with the President, the blockade was established and the opportunity lost.

These notes of Confederate currency were engraved at Columbia, South Carolina, and bore on the face the promise of payment two years after a treaty of peace between the contending parties. They were neatly gotten up and printed upon good paper,—in every way—as good a circulating medium as the greenbacks of the United States.

They were printed on large pink-tinted sheets, and brought to Richmond to be prepared for distribution. Each note had to be cut apart, numbered, and signed by two parties, and persons of intelligence were required for the work. There were numbers of ladies who had fled from their luxurious homes as refugees, living in Richmond, as it

became dangerous for them to remain in proximity to the armies. They had, in many instances, lost everything and become dependent upon their own resources for making a living. They were refined, cultivated and intelligent,—their male relatives in the army.

This work in the treasury department was light and more lucrative than anything else. Writing their applications, with the endorsement of some prominent member of Congress, they received appointments for these positions. One room was used for cutting, another for signing, and another for numbering these notes. From nine until three were the office hours, and they worked steadily at their tasks, which were light but compelled to be very accurate, and became monotonous. Still they were eager to obtain these clerkships and glad to retain their places. About fifty occupied each room. They were known as "treasury girls/" and that was a sufficient passport into society, as they could not obtain these positions unless some gentleman of unsullied reputation had recommended them as ladies in every respect and worthy to fill the appointments.

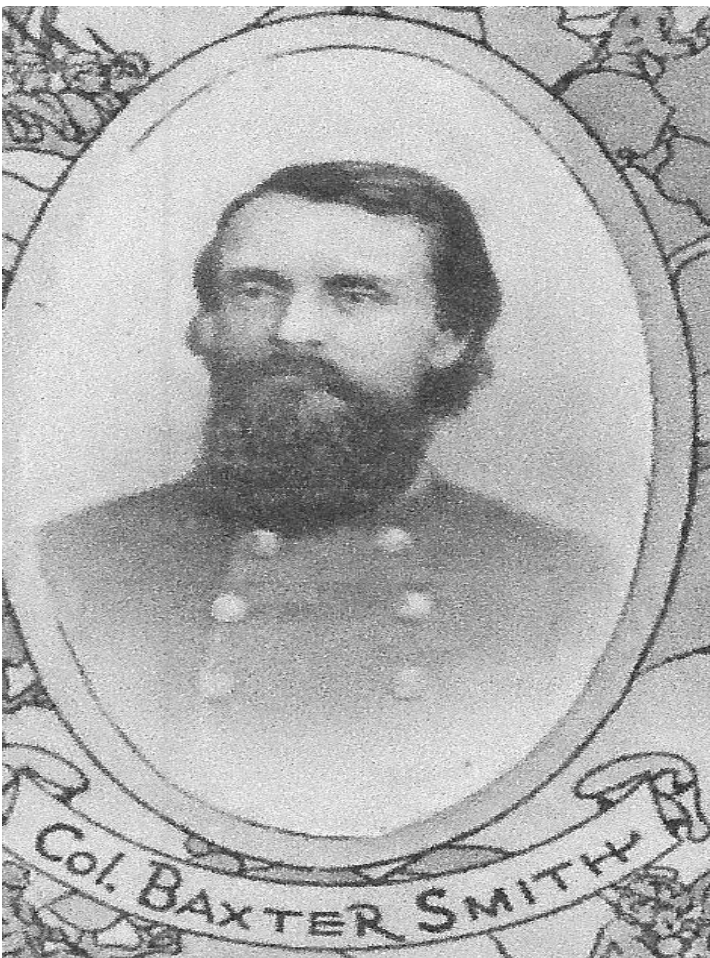
Besides these notes there was a fractional currency, called shin-plasters, and also postage stamps became a medium of exchange from sheer necessity in making small change. The latter became quite a nuisance, as they were small, easily lost, and inconvenient to handle. They were five cents each, and bore upon the face the likeness of President Davis, and had to be cut or torn when used, as the instrument which pierces the holes to divide the United States stamps is a patented article and could not be infringed upon.

The 4th Tennessee Cavalry

*The Confederate Capital
and Hood's Texas Brigade,*
Angelina V. Winkler, 1894
pp. 20-1

Biscuit.—Take one quart of flour, three teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, mixed well through the flour two tablespoonfuls of shortening, one teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in warm water, of a sufficient quantity to mould the quart of flour. For large families the amount can be doubled.

Recipe from *Confederate Receipt Book*,
West & Johnson Publishers, Richmond,
Virginia, 1863.



The Fourth Tennessee Cavalry did not assume regimental form until General Bragg had returned from his Kentucky campaign, in the fall of 1862. It was made up of detachments that had served under different commanders since the beginning of the war. At its organization Baxter Smith was made Colonel; Paul F. Anderson, Lieutenant Colonel; W. Scott Bledsoe, Major; J. A. Minnis, Adjutant; W. A. Rushing, Sergeant Major; Marcellus Grissim, Quartermaster, with R. O. McLean, Bob Corder, and John Price his assistants; Captain Bone, Commissary, with Lieut. J. A. Arnold and Captain Mc-Lean his assistants; Dr. W. T. Delaney, Surgeon, with Dr. Tom Allen his assistant; Rev. W. W. Hendrix, Chaplain; Sergeant Finney, Ordnance Officer; J. A. Stewart and James B. Nance, Regimental Buglers; Bob Gann and Bennett Chapman, Wagon Masters, The commissioned officers of the companies were:

Company A.—Captain, D. W. Alexander; First Lieutenant, Rice McLean; Second Lieutenant, J. N. Orr; Third Lieutenant, Charles Beard. Recruited in Marshall County, Tenn.

Company B.—Captain, C. H. Ingles; First Lieutenant, Joe Massengale ; Second Lieutenant, Joe Massengale ; Third Lieutenant, G. W. Carmack. Recruited in Sullivan County, Tenn.

Company C.—Captains, Frank Cunningham* and George C. Moore ; First Lieutenant, James Hogan ; Second Lieutenant, R. S. Scruggs ; Third Lieutenant, Samuel Scoggins. Recruited in Smith County, Tenn.

Company D.—Captain, J. M. Phillips; First Lieutenant, Bob Bone; Second Lieutenant, J.



Compatriot Bill Heard giving his presentation as Chief Engineer Matthew O'Brien at our March meeting

We had a great March meeting featuring a first person presentation by Compatriot Bill Heard who presented a tale of his war adventures as Matthew O'Brien an engineering officer on three different Confederate commerce raiders, the CSS Sumter, the CSS Alabama and the CSS Shenendoah. These raiders were the most successful of the Confederate fleet and Bill's presentation gave us both the history of these ships plus a flavor of the trials and tribulations suffered by their crews as a result of their service. I cannot recommend this program more strongly and than Bill for agreeing to come to speak to us about Chief Engineer Matthew O'Brien's adventures in the Confederate States Navy.

The Camp is going to do a fund raiser next February to tie in with Valentine's Day. We will be renting the Palace Theater and doing a showing of *Gone with the Wind*. A committee has been formed, chaired by Past Commander Heathman and featuring both compatriots and the ladies of our auxiliary to plan and advertise this event. I am very

enthusiastic about this event and believe the Camp can raise a great deal of money to fund our efforts at preservation of our ancestors' memories.

We are moving forward in seeking an easement in the Gallatin City Cemetery in order to erect an informational kiosk honoring all of the veterans buried in the City Cemetery. The Camp seeks to honor our 207 veterans buried in the cemetery as well as all other veterans buried there. We believe the City will approve this project and that we will be in a position to use this effort to honor the veterans and promote the Camp.

On April 8-9, Adjutant Ken Corum, Past Commander Frank Heathman and I will be attending the Tennessee Division Annual Reunion and we will give a full report to the Camp regarding the happenings in the Division.

Randy P. Lucas
Commander



GET A TAG ~ SAVE A FLAG

HELP US PRESERVE
 TENNESSEE'S HISTORIC FLAGS
 ~CONFEDERATE HISTORY IS AMERICAN HISTORY~

GET YOUR TAG AT
 YOUR LOCAL
 COUNTY CLERK'S
 OFFICE



NO
 MEMBERSHIP
 REQUIRED
 TNSCV.ORG

1800MYSOUTH

T. Barbee; Third Lieutenant, J. A. Arnold. Recruited in DeKalb and Wilson Counties, Tenn.

Company E.—Captain, H. A. Wyly; First Lieutenant, H. L. Preston; Second Lieutenant, W. S. Sullivan; Third Lieutenant, John Fathera. Recruited in Cannon County, Tenn.

Company F.—Captain, J. R. Lester; First Lieutenant, C. S. Burgess ; Second Lieutenant, W. H. Phillips ; Third Lieutenant, James Williamson. Recruited in Wilson County, Tenn.

Company G.—Captain, J. W. Nichol; First Lieutenant, Dave Youree; Second Lieutenant, — McKnight; Third Lieutenant, J. A. Sagely. Recruited in Cannon and Rutherford Counties, Tenn.

Company H.—Captain, Sam Glover;

Lieutenants, Green, Light, William Gaut, and William Fields. Recruited in Hamilton County and Bridgeport, Ala.

Company I.—Captain, Bob Bledsoe ; Lieutenants, William Hildreth, J. W. Storey, Foster Bowman, and Elliott. Recruited in Fentress County, Tenn.

Company K.—Captain, Jim Britton ; Lieutenants, W. Corbett and Dewitt Anderson. Recruited in Wilson, Sumner, and Davidson Counties, Tenn.

Company L.**—Captain, J. J. Parton; Lieutenants, Henry, Russell, and Tillery. Recruited in Knox County, Tenn.

*Resigned soon after organization of Regiment, and Lieut. George C. Moore succeeded him, serving till the surrender.

(Continued from page 5)

****This Company was not attached to the Regiment till just before the battle of Chickamauga. It had been the escort of General McGowan, who resigned, and it reported to the Fourth Tennessee, serving till the surrender. It was a very small company.**

The Regiment was assigned to a brigade composed of the Eighth Texas, Eleventh Texas, First Kentucky, and Fourth Tennessee Regiments and Malone's Alabama Battalion, Col. Tom Harrison as Senior Colonel commanding the brigade, Maj. Gen. John A. Wharton commanding the division (Gen. Joe Wheeler's Corps, Army of Tennessee), and sent to Franklin, Tenn., on outpost duty. General Bragg, with the infantry force, was at Murfreesboro, confronting General Rosecrans's army at Nashville.

It is well enough to state here that there were two Fourth Tennessee Cavalry Regiments in the army—Colonel Stearns's Fourth Tennessee and Colonel Smith's Fourth Tennessee. They had been serving in different departments of the army, one under General Forrest and the other under General Wheeler, most of the time, and we did not know the fact until late in the war. Both had made character under that name, and each tacitly agreed to remain as they had been known, which they did. At the date of the

organization of the Fourth Tennessee Cavalry Regiment it numbered one thousand men, rank and file, made up principally of stout, healthy, and vigorous young men. As stated, our first service as a regiment was at Franklin, on General Bragg's front and left flank, some twenty miles from Murfreesboro and eighteen miles from Nashville, where we were kept busy for some two months or more



George Blackmore Guild, Adjutant,
4th Tennessee Cavalry

in picketing, scouting on all the roads leading toward Murfreesboro from Nashville, occasionally having some hot contests with the enemy, killing, wounding, and capturing some, and losing some ourselves. At one time we scouted toward Nashville in the night, and remained all day in the vicinity, expecting the enemy to come out, as was their custom, on foraging expeditions, which they failed to do. But before leaving we concluded to give them a closer dare. In the evening we came up the

Federal Charlotte Pike as far as what is now West Nashville, and, going up Richland Creek, we came in contact with a force of the enemy at Bosley Springs, and, charging them, drove them back to the Harding Pike, capturing some and pursuing the others to where the old penitentiary wall stood, on Church Street. We remained in line a short distance down the road till near sundown; but no enemy appearing, we repaired to our station at Franklin.

The enemy made frequent scouts in the neighborhood of Franklin, sometimes resulting in quite a battle. I remember that in



The 1616

The Confederate Veteran published the list of those who died at Camp Morton

Confederate Veteran.

81

Smith, Seborn, Co. E, 4th (Russell's) Alabama Cavalry.
 Smith, W. C., Co. B, 1st Battalion Kentucky Mounted Rifles.
 Smith, William B., Co. I, 6th Texas Cavalry.
 Smithy, John, Co. B, Shelby's Missouri.
 Smoot, James, Co. K, 25th Louisiana.
 Snell, C. H., Co. H, 1st Florida.
 Snelson, J. W. W., Co. C, 4th Mississippi.
 Snelson, W. B., Co. C, 29th North Carolina.
 Spider, John W., Co. C, 62d North Carolina.
 Solis, Adolphe, Co. G, 28th (Thomas's) Louisiana.
 Spaulding, Martin E., Co. A, 2d Missouri.
 Spears, Alfred, Co. K, 45th Virginia.
 Spence, S. L., Co. D, 15th Alabama.
 Spracher, Levi, Co. G, 45th Virginia.
 Spray, W. L., Co. D, 41st Tennessee.
 Sproles, J., Co. C, 4th Mississippi.
 Sproles, S. S., Co. G, 4th Mississippi.
 Squires, M. W., Co. C, 3d Louisiana.
 Stafford, Adam F., Co. I, 36th Virginia.
 Stafford, M., Co. E, 4th Mississippi.
 Stafford, Wyatt P., Co. I, 36th Virginia.
 Stainback, Robert, Co. E, 56th Virginia.
 Stanford, Malcomb, Co. —, 4th Mississippi.
 Stanford, W. W., Co. C, 11th Alabama Cavalry.
 Staples, John M., Co. E, 2d Maryland Cavalry.
 Stark, F. H., Co. I, 5th Arkansas.
 Stark, W. F., Co. I, Gordon's 1st Missouri Cavalry.
 Starke, James C., Co. F, 8th Arkansas Cavalry.
 Starling, Andrew, Corp., Co. C, 45th Virginia.
 Staton, Peter, Co. E, 45th Virginia Battalion.
 Stattery, Thomas, Co. E, 10th Tennessee.
 Steakley, Pinckney, Co. E, 1st Tennessee Battalion.
 Steck, A., Co. C, Waul's Texas Legion.
 Stephens, T. J., Co. I, 3d Tennessee.
 Stepp, John A., Co. II, 16th Tennessee.
 Stevens, A. T., Co. F, Harrison's Louisiana.
 Stevens, G. B., Co. B, Mercer's Arkansas Battalion.
 Stevenson, Bradley, Co. D, 1st Georgia.
 Stevenson, H. H., Co. G, 17th Louisiana.
 Steward, Michael, Co. II, 56th Virginia.
 Stewart, Jasper, Co. G, 16th Georgia.
 Stewart, Matthew, Co. K, 2d Missouri Battalion.
 Stidham, J. M., Co. F, 25th Alabama.
 Stillwell, L. B., Corput's Company, Georgia Light Artillery.
 Stinson, John, Co. A, 34th Mississippi.
 Stoll, George, Co. B, 3d Mississippi.
 Stone, William, Co. —, 10th Kentucky.
 Story, Enoch, Co. K, 18th Alabama.
 Stovall, Lumpkin M., Co. I, 26th Mississippi.
 Stracner, Hugston, Co. H, 30th Alabama.
 Strader, John L., Co. A, 30th Alabama.
 Strouss, George W., Co. D, 1st (Olmstead's) Georgia.
 Stubblefield, B. D., Co. H, 20th Texas.
 Stukes, G. W., Cameron's Company, Mississippi S. T.
 Sturdivent, W. O., Co. C, 8th Arkansas Cavalry.
 Sugg, C. A., Co. D, 3d Mississippi Battalion S. T.
 Sullivan, John, Co. B, 32d Alabama.
 Sult, John, Co. B, 45th Virginia Cavalry.
 Summers, Jasper, Co. K, 9th Missouri.
 Sumter, G., Co. L, 1st Tennessee Cavalry.
 Swan, H. C., Co. E, 6th Kentucky Cavalry.
 Swearingen, James, Co. B, 28th Tennessee.
 Sweeten, Levi, Co. C, 25th Arkansas.
 Swingle, H. F., Co. D, 10th (Johnson's) Kentucky Cavalry.
 Syrrille, Jex, Co. G, 28th Louisiana.
 Taber, E., Sergt., Co. E, 64th North Carolina.
 Tabler, Aaron, Corp., Co. I, 45th Virginia.
 Talley, Ivin, Co. A, 31st Arkansas.
 Talley, John S., Co. A, 18th Tennessee.
 Tate, C. C., Co. K, 50th Tennessee.
 Taylor, Benjamin F., Co. I, 2d Kentucky.
 Taylor, Harold, Co. C, 45th Virginia.
 Taylor, Isaac A., Corp., Co. B, 50th Virginia.
 Taylor, J. G., Co. D, 6th Alabama Cavalry.
 Taylor, James A., Co. I, 2d Missouri.
 Taylor, James E., Co. B, 1st Tennessee Battalion.
 Taylor, John, Co. E, 8th Tennessee.
 Taylor, Milburn, Co. —, 4th Mississippi.
 Taylor, William, Co. E, 4th Missouri.
 Tear, T. T., Co. B, 4th Mississippi.
 Teems, William, Co. D, 1st (Johnston's) Mississippi.
 Teeters, Sylvester, Co. F, 5th Kentucky Mounted Infantry.
 Teeters, Walsey, Co. B, 5th Kentucky.
 Tennison, R. F., Co. A, 26th Mississippi.
 Terrell, John D., Co. I, 4th Mississippi.
 Terry, J. H., Co. B, 26th Mississippi.
 Tew, Peter, Co. D, Crandall's Arkansas.
 Thomas, S., Co. I, 33d Tennessee.
 Thomas, Samuel, Co. B, 25th Louisiana.
 Thomas, W. S., Co. H, 16th Alabama.
 Thomas, William, Co. C, McGehee's Arkansas.
 Thomaston, W. M., Co. G, 4th Mississippi.
 Thompson, John R., Co. B, Kitchen's Arkansas Cavalry.
 Thompson, T. S., Co. B, 1st Tennessee Battalion.
 Thompson, Wilbur, Co. G, 50th Georgia.
 Thompson, William H., Sergt., Co. G, 27th Va. Bat. Cav.
 Thrasher, J. P., Co. II, McGehee's Arkansas.
 Timmons, E. H., Co. A, 8th Kentucky.
 Todd, W. A., Co. A, 4th Mississippi.
 Toland, J. W., Co. II, 26th Mississippi.
 Tomberlin, J. E., Co. F, 62d North Carolina.
 Townsend, A. P., Co. E, 4th Mississippi.
 Townsend, Robert, Co. E, 4th Mississippi.
 Tracey, A. W., Co. L, 6th Kentucky Mounted Infantry.
 Tramel, Joshua C., Co. B, Allison's Tennessee Cavalry.
 Travis, W. C., Co. A, 26th Mississippi.
 Trevey, J. J., Co. II, 14th Virginia Cavalry.
 Tribble, E. J., Sergt., Co. C, 9th Missouri.
 Triplet, E. W., Co. II, 20th North Carolina.
 Trussler, John L., Co. B, Virginia Cavalry.
 Tucker, J. W., Co. —, Graves's Kentucky Battery.
 Tunstall, E. H., Co. I, 28th Mississippi Cavalry.
 Turley, Solomon, Co. B, 45th Virginia.
 Turner, J. E., Co. K, 51st Tennessee.
 Tuttle, —, Co. —, 4th Mississippi.
 Tuttle, Francis M., Co. E, 5th Missouri Cavalry.
 Tuttle, John, Co. B, 3d Mississippi.
 Vaden, Robert, Co. I, 7th Missouri Cavalry.
 Valdewaire, Cestin, Co. I, 13th Louisiana.
 Vance, William H., Co. I, 10th (Diamond's) Kentucky Cav.
 Vandrivers, S. W., Co. H, 34th Alabama.
 Van Huss, Valentine, Co. II, 27th Battalion Virginia Cavalry.
 Vannpelt, John, Co. B, 2d Tennessee.
 Vanway, Jacob, Q. M. Sergt., Humphrey's Co., Ark. L. Art.
 Varney, M. B., Co. B, 45th Virginia Battalion.

WE WILL BE PUBLISHING THE NAMES OF THE 1616 OVER THE NEXT FEW MONTHS
 TO REMIND ALL OF US OF THEIR SACRIFICE



Major General Joseph Wheeler, C.S.A.

J. R. Lester was made his Inspector General, and surrendered as such.

On reaching Murfreesboro we were placed on the right of our line on the Lebanon Pike, where General Bragg supposed the enemy would first attack; but changing his plans during the night, he attacked with his left flank about daylight. A terrific battle ensued here. It seems the enemy at the time was moving to attack Bragg from that flank, and the two armies unexpectedly met in deadly conflict. The battle raged in all its fury for hours. Charge after charge and countercharge was made time and again, with heavy losses on both sides. The Confederates, steadily advancing, gradually forced the enemy back, capturing many pieces of artillery and small arms, with many prisoners. Among the captured was General Willich and his German Brigade. Gen. Jim Rains, of the Confederate army, and General Sill, of the Federal army, were killed in one of these assaults. Before night the Federal army was forced back to the Nashville Pike, at right angles to the position they held when first attacked. The Confederates had gained a great victory. The loss of each was about equal—say, ten thousand. Six thousand Federal prisoners were captured, and several batteries of artillery, besides thousands of muskets and ammunition. The next morning every one expected the battle to be renewed, and were much disappointed that General Bragg did not follow up his advantage, instead of which he remained inactive for several days. In the meantime he ordered General Wheeler, with his cavalry corps, to the rear of General Rosecrans, toward Nashville. All along the way to La Vergne we were picking up prisoners, and everything indicated a defeat and rout of the enemy. At the latter place we came up with a long train



of wagons moving toward Nashville with an army. escort of several thousand cavalry. We engaged them, and, after a considerable battle, they retreated. We captured and destroyed some two hundred wagons, some prisoners were taken, and a good many men on both sides were killed and wounded. Many of Rosecrans's men had reached Nashville, reporting that his army had been badly beaten. Still no movement had been made by General Bragg at Murfreesboro. The enemy had taken advantage of this inactivity by collecting together their broken columns and taking position on high ground on the banks of Stones River, and crowned it with a number of batteries—fifty-seven pieces—well protected, awaiting the movement of General Bragg. On the first day of January he attacked this well-fortified place of the enemy with the single division of General Breckenridge. After a most gallant assault by Breckenridge, he was repulsed with heavy loss. That night the cavalry of Wheeler occupied the works of the infantry when they withdrew toward Shelbyville. General Bragg, it seems, had sent off during this lull in movements all of his wounded and the prisoners he had taken. At daylight on the 2d of January, 1863, Wheeler's cavalry also withdrew, following the infantry toward Shelbyville. No pursuit was made. The Federals were as much surprised as the Confederates at the result, and it was sometime during the day before they could realize the fact of the withdrawal of Bragg's troops. Much adverse criticism was made of General Bragg's failure to take advantage of the victory he had obtained in the first days of the battle, and especially of the assault he made against the well prepared works of the enemy, when it should have been with his entire army instead of a single division. Such was the opinion of the humblest soldier in his

A Brief Narrative of the Fourth Tennessee Cavalry, George B. Guild, 1913 pp.9-15.

Honey Soap.—Cut into thin shavings two pounds of common yellow or white soap, put it on the fire with just water enough to keep it from burning; when quite melted, add a quarter of a pound of honey, stirring it till it boils, then take it off, and add a few drops of any agreeable perfume. Pour it into a deep dish to cool, and then cut it into squares. It improves by keeping. It will soften and whiten the skin.

Recipe from *Confederate Receipt Book*, West & Johnson Publishers, Richmond, Virginia, 1863, p. 11.

Confederate Candle.—Melt together a pound of beeswax and a quarter of a pound of rosin or of turpentine, fresh from the tree. Prepare a wick 30 or 40 yards long; made up of three threads of loose!}' spun cotton, saturate this well with the mixture, and draw it through 3'our fingers, to press all closely together, and to keep the size even. Repeat the process until the candle attains the size of a large straw or quill, then wrap around a bottle, or into a ball with a flat bottom. Six inches of this candle elevated above the rest' will burn for fifteen or twenty minutes, and give a very pretty light, and forty yards have sufficed a small family a summer for all the usual Purposes of the bed-chamber.

Recipe from *Confederate Receipt Book*, West & Johnson Publishers, Richmond, Virginia, 1863, p. 12.



SUMNER CONFEDERATE LEGIONNAIRE

111 College Street
Gallatin, Tennessee 37066
Phone: 615-451-1013
Fax: 615-230-5722
Email: batecamp34@comcast.net

General William B. Bate Camp 34, Sons of Confederate Veterans

Commander - Randy P. Lucas
1 Lt. Commander - Eddie Felts
2 Lt. Commander - John de Leusomme
Adjutant - Kenneth A. Corum
Quartermaster - Richard Hamblen
Treasurer - Kenneth A. Corum
Chaplain - Johnny Keele
Surgeon - Vacant
Historian - G. Franklin Heathman
Color Sergeant - Michael Bassette
Judge Advocate - William Bryan Roehrig, III
Editor - Randy P. Lucas

Carmack's Pledge to the South

The South is a land that has known sorrows; it is a land that has broken the ashen crust and moistened it with tears; a land scarred and riven by the plowshare of war and billowed with the graves of her dead; but a land of legend, a land of song, a land of hallowed and heroic memories.

To that land every drop of my blood, every fiber of my being, every pulsation of my heart, is consecrated forever. I was born of her womb; I was nurtured at her breast; and when my last hour shall come, I pray God that I may be pillowed upon her bosom and rocked to sleep within her tender and encircling arms.

STONEWALL

